# CT Console Hardening

Submitted By Urvashi Chaturvedi 14mcei29



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY NIRMA UNIVERSITY AHMEDABAD-382481 MAY 2016

# CT Console Hardening

### Major Project

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements

for the degree of

Master of Technology in Information and Network Security

Submitted By Urvashi Chaturvedi (14MCEI29)

Guided By

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY NIRMA UNIVERSITY AHMEDABAD-382481 MAY 2016

### Certificate

This is to certify that the major project entitled "CT Console Hardening" submitted by Urvashi Chaturvedi (Roll No: 14MCEI29), towards the partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of degree of Master of Technology in Information and Network Security of Institute of Technology, Nirma University, Ahmedabad, is the record of work carried out by her under my supervision and guidance. In my opinion, the submitted work has reached a level required for being accepted for examination. The results embodied in this project, to the best of my knowledge, haven't been submitted to any other university or institution for award of any degree or diploma.

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Mr. Sagar Chandrashekar External Guide, Philips Innovation Campus, Bengaluru. Mr. Arunkumar Satapathy Manager, Philips Innovation Campus Bengaluru. I, Urvashi Chaturvedi, Roll. No. 14MCEI29, give undertaking that the Major Project entitled "CT Console Hardening" submitted by me, towards the partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Technology in Computer Science & Engineering of Institute of Technology, Nirma University, Ahmedabad, contains no material that has been awarded for any degree or diploma in any university or school in any territory to the best of my knowledge. It is the original work carried out by me and I give assurance that no attempt of plagiarism has been made. It contains no material that is previously published or written, except where reference has been made. I understand that in the event of any similarity found subsequently with any published work or any dissertation work elsewhere; it will result in severe disciplinary action.

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> - Urvashi Chaturvedi 14MCEI29

#### Abstract

As the clinical usage, security of the CT Scanner is of very much of concern.Our goal is to make CT console more secure in order to protect Information System.Following are some projects carried out in order to harden CT Console.

- We are making the CT Scanner compliant with the DOD (department of defense, US) and DISA compliant to ship the CT Scan machine to US. The concern is to to harden the operating system (windows 7) to meet the compliance. And at the end, providing solution as a deliverable to the manufacture team to meet such compliance.
- SignTool facilitate the user to sign the binaries using digital certificates and before signing scan for malware using Antivirus.
- Hardening the operating system in order to reduce the attack area by disabling functionality that is not required and keeping the minimum functionality that is required and make the system safe.

# Abbreviations

DOD	Department of Defense
DIACAP	DoD Information Assurance Certification and Accreditation Process
STIG	Security Technical Implementation Guides
$\mathbf{CT}$	Computed Tomography
DB	Database
OS	Operating System
HDD	Hard disk drive

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## Introduction

#### 1.1 Background

X-ray computed tomography (X-ray CT) is a technology that uses computer-processed Xrays to produce tomographic images (virtual 'slices') of specific areas of a scanned object, allowing the user to see inside the object without cutting. Digital geometry processing is used to generate a three-dimensional image of the inside of the object from a large series of two-dimensional Radiographic images taken around a single axis of rotation. Medical imaging is the most common application of X-ray CT. Its cross-sectional images are used for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes in various medical disciplines. The software driving the CT Scan machine is called the SYSTEM. The System is connected to two different networks at the same time. One to the hospital network and the other to the PHILIPS Remote System (PRS). The SYSTEM has two major parts: CIRS and Gantry. Gantry is used to take raw x-ray images and the gantry is used to convert those images to the computer readable form.

The DoD Information Assurance Certification and Accreditation Process (DIACAP) is a United States Department of Defense (DoD) process that means to ensure that companies and organizations apply risk management to information systems (IS). DIACAP defines a DoD-wide formal and standard set of activities, general tasks and a management structure process for the Certification and Accreditation of a DoD IS that maintains the information assurance (IA) posture throughout the system's life cycle.

# Literature Survey

#### 2.1 Motivation

Information security and privacy in the Healthcare sector is an issue of growing importance. The adoption of digital patient records, increased regulation, provider consolidation, and the increasing need for information between patients, providers, and payers, all point towards the need for better information security. We critically survey the research literature on information security and privacy in Healthcare, published in both information systems, non-information systems disciplines including health Informatics, public health, law, medicine, and popular trade publications and reports. In this paper, we provide a holistic view of the recent research and suggest new areas of interest to the information systems community.

#### 2.2 Problem Statement

As the clinical usage, security of the CT Scanner is of very much of concern.Our goal is to make CT console more secure in order to protect Information System.Following are some projects carried out in order to harden CT Console.

- We are making the CT Scanner compliant with the DOD (department of defense, US) and DISA compliant to ship the CT Scan machine to US. The concern is to to harden the operating system (windows 7) to meet the compliance. And at the end, providing solution as a deliverable to the manufacture team to meet such compliance.
- To sign a binary required to run on trusted environment, user need to sign through

command execution with Certificate installed. This manual process take time and it doesnot support audit logs. SignTool facilitate the user to sign the binaries using digital certificates and before signing scan for malware using Antivirus. The signing activity will be logged in a XML database.

• Hardening the operating system in order to reduce the attack area by disabling functionality that is not required and keeping the minimum functionality that is required and make the system safe..

### 2.3 Significance

- The project is for a very important and sensitive industry i.e., HealthCare. The product supplied or provided to HealthCare should be reliable, sustainable and most importantly secure from inner/outer networks, viruses and other malicious processes and methods. The security perspective of the project is always the point of concern since any discrepancy in the patient information or any of the confidential information may lead to a very specific disaster.
- The binaries signed by Sign tool indicate that the files are from trusted path and malware free.
- Windows hardening improves system performance and minimize network based attacks and prevent system access when some unauthorized user is interfacing with the system, either physically, or over a network at the machine.

#### 2.4 Challenges

- Meeting 100 % security compliance for DIACAP.
- Maintaining Inter-operability of the SYSTEM and the compliance.

### 2.5 Constraints and Trade-off

#### 2.5.1 Constraints

• User must have knowledge of the hardware components and Implementation and architecture.

- To work with the sub-system functionalities, the architecture and implementation of the sub-systems should be known. But in this short time, I cannot get the complete implementation of a very big project. So working with a black-box (no insight to the implemented code) is a very big constraint.
- User must have knowledge of programming languages.
- Minimum system requirements must be met to use the product.

#### 2.5.2 Trade-off

- Cost Vs Feature Trade Off: Selenium does not support Internet Explorer on par with other testing tools but we are using it as it is open source.
- Effort Vs Time Trade Off: Ids for many UI elements were not provided for testing.

#### 2.5.3 Test Cases Generation

The DIACAP component is tested with various manual testing methods including log viewers, event viewer and manual verification. For each finding solution, the corresponding log or group policy is checked to verify whether the setting is implemented. After implementation, the system is checked for any deviation from core functionality or any misbehaviour.

# About CT

## 3.1 Gantry

### Figure 3.1: Gantry



## 3.2 Console





Figure 3.2: CT Console Dual Monitor

# **Technical Requirements**

## 4.1 Hardware Requirement

- RAM : 12 GB.
- HDD processing Speed :7200 rpm or 9000 rpm

## 4.2 Software Requirement

- VBScript
- C #
- Nessus Tool
- Nmap
- Oracle Virtual Box

# Implementation

### 5.1 Phase 1

The component is coded in C# using .NET and ICACLS tool from Microsoft. Security Editor Auditor Policy from Microsoft are also used for various configuration settings.

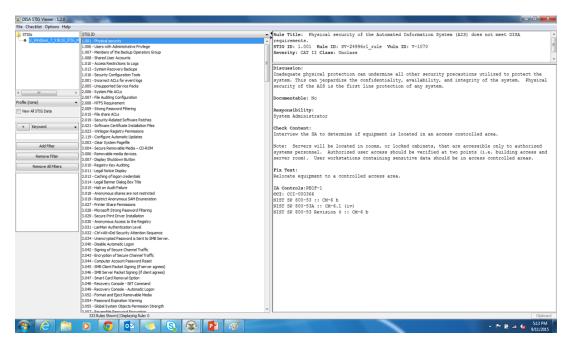


Figure 5.1: Security Technical Implementation Guide

These are the stigs which is given by DIACAP for assessment which is to be fixed Below mentioned are few Scenarios of the above STIGs:

• Scenarios 1– Setting lock screen after wake up: Using Registry class from .NET framework and SetValue function, the value for the value is set to integer 1. It will

enforce every user to be prompted to enter the credentials on resume from sleep when plugged-in.

```
Figure 5.2: Lock Screen Registry
```

```
Registry.SetValue (
"HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\\Software\\Policies\\Microsoft\\Pow
er\\PowerSettings\\0e796bdb-100d-47d6-a2d5-f7d2daa51f51
\\" ,"ACSettingIndex", 1,RegistryValueKind.DWord);
```

• Scenarios 2– Interactive login: This will make sure the only the administrators and Users are able to logon to the system locally. Since the many other groups or users may exist on the system, that will not be provided with the local access to the system. This will restrict all other groups and users from logging in locally. Fig 7.2 is the inf(configuration template) file snippet with SeInteractiveLogonRight privilege right set to Administrators and Users groups only.

Figure 5.3: Interactive Logon inf File

```
[Unicode]
Unicode=yes
[Privilege Rights]
SeInteractiveLogonRight = Administrators, Users
[Version]
signature="$CHICAGO$"
Revision=1
[Profile Description]
Description=%V 26472%
```

Fig 7.3 shows how the template is implemented to the system with the help of security editor(secedit) which will include following steps:

- Importing a cfg(inf) file into a database(sdb) file.
- Configuring the SDB file to the system using /configure switch.
- Scenarios 3– Access control:Fig 7.4 shows the creation and configuration of a cmd.exe thread and running a Icacls command

Figure 5.4: Interactive Logon Configure

```
Process p= new Process();
p.StartInfo.UseShellExecute=false;
p.StartInfo.CreateNoWindow= false;
p.StartInfo.FileName="cmd.exe";
```

```
p.StartInfo.Arguments = "/C secedit /import /cfg
\"C:\\Users\\ceh\\Desktop\\deployment\\inf\\privilege
rights\\interactivelogon.inf \" /db
C:\\Windows\\security\\database\\fake.gdb";
```

Figure 5.5: Access Control ICACLs

```
Process p= new Process();
p.StartInfo.UseShellExecute=false;
p.StartInfo.CreateNoWindow= false;
p.StartInfo.FileName="cmd.exe";
p.StartInfo.Arguments = "/C icacls
C:\\Windows\\System32\\Drivers\\etc\\hosts /grant:r
Users:(F) Administrators:(R,W) \"NT
Service\\eventlog\":(F) SYSTEM:(F)";
p.Start();
```

### 5.2 Unit Testing

Unit testing of the individual finding is done manually with the help of various tools such as log viewer, event viewer, firewall, group policy editor, Audit policy viewer and registry editor.

This Examples describe the procedure carried out for Unit Testing for above Scenarios

```
Scenarios 1 (5.2.1)
```

#### 5.2.1 Setting lock screen after wake up:

For this finding, following steps are followed to make sure fixing it will not impact the system functionalities

• Merge the ACSettingIndex registry with the current registry state.

- Lock out from the system and check for the logon screen.
- After waking from screensaver, check for the logon screen.
- After waking from sleep, check for the logon screen.
- Check for any background process at the time of sleep or Screensaver.

Scenarios 2 (5.2.2)

#### 5.2.2 Interactive logon:

For the second finding, above steps are followed to make sure it will not impact the system functionalities.

- After configuring the created database, check if any user, other than Administrators or Users group, is able to logon.
- Check if this setting affects the remote logon for the same users.
- Check if any user is added to the ACL and also added to some other group, will its logon is prevented,
- Check the system event logs for any logon events for Users and Administrators group.

Scenarios 3 (5.2.3)

#### 5.2.3 Access Control:

For the third finding, above steps are followed to make sure it will not impact the system functionalities.

- After running the specific command, check for the ACL of the file C:\Windows\Drivers\etc\hosts.
- Check the file system object audits for any access to the particular file. If there is any access, then the fix may affect the system.
- Check the ACL of the specified file for any special permissions to any user or process for some specific operations.

### 5.3 Integration Testing

```
Figure 5.6: Integration Testing
```

```
Registry.SetValue("HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\\Software\\
Policies\\Microsoft\\Power\\PowerSettings\\0e796b
db-100d-47d6-a2d5-f7d2daa51f51\\"
,"ACSettingIndex", 1,RegistryValueKind.DWord);
Process p= new Process();
p.StartInfo.UseShellExecute=false;
p.StartInfo.CreateNoWindow= false;
p.StartInfo.FileName="cmd.exe";
p.StartInfo.Arguments = "/C icacls
C:\\Windows\\System32\\Drivers\\etc\\hosts
/grant:r Users:(F) Administrators:(R,W) \"NT
Service\\eventlog\":(F) SYSTEM:(F)";
p.Start();
p.StartInfo.Arguments = "/C secedit /import
/cfg
\"C:\\Users\\ceh\\Desktop\\deployment\\inf\\privi
lege rights\\locallylogon.inf \" /db
C:\\Windows\\security\\database\\low.sdb";
p.Start();
p.WaitforExit();
```

After implementing above code, all of the settings and configurations are checked manually for being implemented. The logs are checked for any error message or any warning.

## 5.4 Results

The fix to the first ACSettingIndex registry does not fix the problem. The impacts are following:

- No logon screen appears after waking up from sleep.
- No logon screen appears after waking up from screensaver.

Now checking Manually all the fix :

Figure 5.7: Lock Screen Registry setup

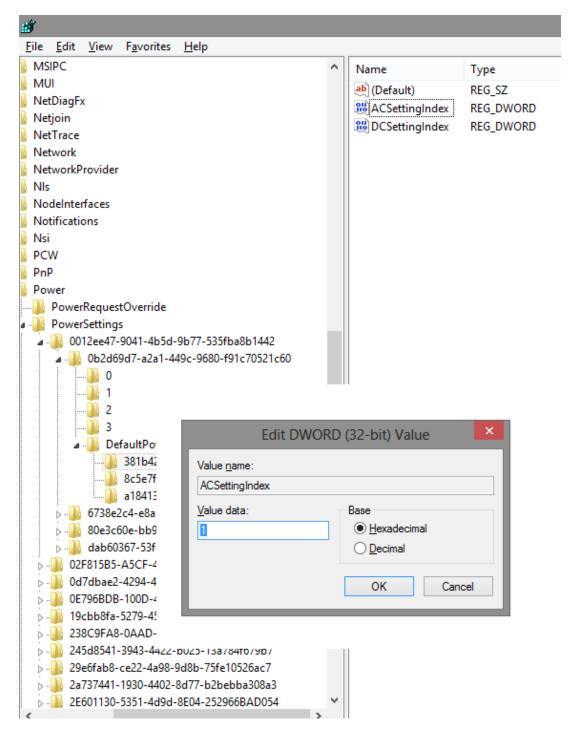


Figure 5.8: Interactive Logon Setting

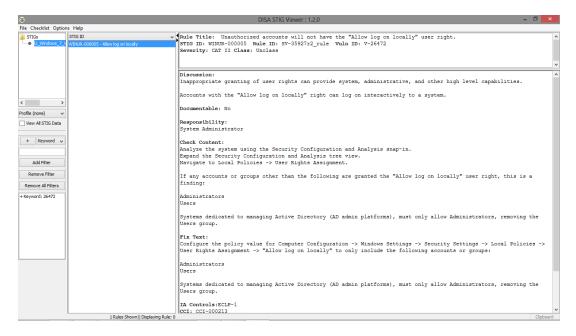
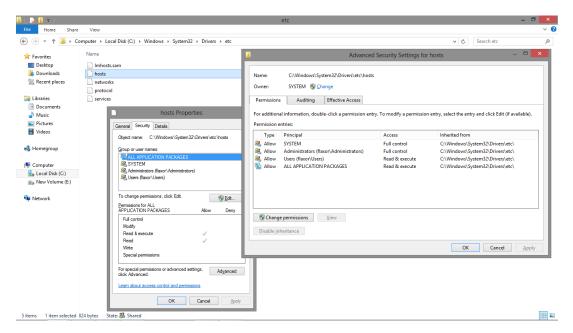


Figure 5.9: Access Control Result



# Result

### 6.1 Output

Under results the number of passed, failed and executed test cases are shown and also the test cases which fail will have the information of the why they failed. They also have the information of the test start time, test end time, type of browser and testing type.

### 6.2 Result Analysis

The result from the log files, event logs and configuration templates are analyzed for the final documentation. Comments and process is documented for future reference.

## **Tool Development**

### 7.1 Sign Tool

#### 7.1.1 Purpose of Tool

To sign a binary required to run on trusted environment, user need to sign through command execution with a certificate installed. This manual process takes time and it doesnt support audit logs.

#### 7.1.2 How it Works

The Sign Tool facilitates the user to sign the binaries using digital signing certificates. User authentication for signing is done using certificate and all binaries to be signed are scanned for Malware using Antivirus. The signing activity will be logged in a database for the audit purpose

#### 7.1.3 Limitation

Tool should be digitally signed to make it work.

#### 7.1.4 Technology

C#

#### 7.1.5 Further Addition

- XML database for storing the logs of signed document.
- Included Sign report which display user all the details of signed files according to

selected range of date.

- Included more digital certificates as it can be used by all programs in general.
- Removed the dependency of tool on IST validation dongle and SQL database.
- Unit testing of each and every module.
- Documentation.

## 7.1.6 Layout

Sign Tool				×
▲ Menu Sign Sign Report	Sign Binaries			
	Sign Type	Execute Output Update		
	Select Certificates		-	
	Select File(s) path			Browse
	User Name	This tool do not support 'datafiles' and '	'scripts' 📃 Include Sub Folders	
		Sign	Cancel	
	File Path	Status	Sign Type Sign Time	Certificate Name

#### Figure 7.1: Layout of Sign Tool

1	Sign Report						
gn Domont	Signicepore						
gn Report		10/10/0015		- T. D. I.	5 10 1001 5		
	From Date	12/1/2015		15 To Date	5/9/2016	15	
						Show Report	
	File Path	Status	Sign Type	Sign Time	Signed By	Certificate Name	
	D:\New folder (2)\FileUplo	Sign Failed	EXECUTE	1/16/2016 2:58:06 AM		ĺ	
	D:\New folder (2)\mailme.		EXECUTE	1/16/2016 2:58:06 AM			
	D:\New folder (2)\New Te>	Sign Failed	EXECUTE	1/16/2016 2:58:07 AM			
	D:\New folder (2)\FileUplo	Sign Failed	EXECUTE	1/16/2016 3:00:01 AM			_
	D:\New folder (2)\mailme.	Sign Failed	EXECUTE	1/16/2016 3:00:02 AM			
	D:\New folder (2)\New Te>	Sign Failed	EXECUTE	1/16/2016 3:00:02 AM			
	D:\New folder (2)\FileUplo	Signed Successfully	EXECUTE	1/17/2016 1:30:03 PM			
	D:\New folder (2)\mailme.	Sign Failed	EXECUTE	1/17/2016 1:30:03 PM			
	D:\New folder (2)\New Te>	Sign Failed	EXECUTE	1/17/2016 1:30:04 PM			
	D:\New folder (2)\FileUplo	Signed Successfully	EXECUTE	1/18/2016 10:26:21 AM			
	D:\New folder (2)\mailme.	Sign Failed	EXECUTE	1/18/2016 10:26:21 AM			
	D:\New folder (2)\New Te>	Sign Failed	EXECUTE	1/18/2016 10:26:21 AM			
	D:\New folder (2)\FileUplo	Signed Successfully	EXECUTE	1/18/2016 10:38:58 AM			
	D:\New folder (2)\mailme.	Sign Failed	EXECUTE	1/18/2016 10:38:59 AM			
	D:\New folder (2)\New Te>	Sign Failed	EXECUTE	1/18/2016 10:38:59 AM			
	D:\New folder (2)\FileUplo	Signed Successfully	UPDATE	1/18/2016 10:42:44 AM			

Figure 7.2: Layout of Sign Tool

### 7.2 FileUpdater Tool

#### 7.2.1 Purpose of Tool

To copy/update multiple binaries manually is time consuming and it does not verify the status that whether file has been copied or not . This tool allows the user to update the system and facilitates to copy multiple files collectively and provide following notifications to the user :

- 1. file has been copied successfully
- 2. check whether destination have enough memory to store files
- 3. to check whether destination directory exist
- 4. audit logs for future reference

#### 7.2.2 Limitation

This tool is designed for signing only .msi , .dll , .exe files only.

#### 7.2.3 Technology

 $\mathrm{C}\#$ 

## 7.2.4 Layout

	FileCopyTool
Source	Browse
Destination	Select
	Patch/Copy Abort

Figure 7.3: Layout of FileUpdater Tool

# Lync Access from Console

#### 8.0.1 Project Objective

Unified communication is a tool which allows users to communicate from anywhere with an Internet Connectivity.

#### 8.0.2 **Project Description**

Most of the Hospitals have more than one scanner and more than one radiologists and technicians who operates scanner and performs the studies. In most cases, Technicians are the ones who setup and performs the studies / scans and sends the final resulted images to radiologist for review and diagnostics. There are cases where technicians need to consults the radiologists to review and approve the study details and other information related to studies. There is a need to have a communication mechanism established in the hospital network where technicians and radiologists discuss the clinical parameters related to study and have Instant Messaging, share, audio and video connectivity. Unified communication is a tool which allows users to communicate from anywhere with an Internet Connectivity.
This project is to integrate the Unified Communication with in the CT ( Computed Tomography ) systems, This is complex as the OS (Operating System) in the CT Host machine is hardened and all the firewall configuration is closed.

#### 8.0.3 Limitation

This POC is only for establishing the communication within the Hospital Network.

#### 8.0.4 Outcome

- Integrate the Unified Communication in the CT (Computed Tomography) systems.
- Analyze the existing OS hardening and firewall settings deployed on the CT Host machine, Come up with the strategy to deploy Unified Communication on the CT host system and document the detailed changes to OS, Firewall configuration and any other settings on the system.

	Microsoft Lync (Lyno	:)	_		×
<u>F</u> ile <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp					
Lync					
Sign in			ł	¢-	
Sign-in addre	ess:				
123@xyz.com					
Delete my sign-	in info				
Sign in as:					
Available 🔻					
<u>S</u> ign In					
© Microsoft Corpo	ation. All rights reserv	red.			

Figure 8.1: Lync

# Windows 10 Hardening

### 9.1 Objective

Hardening the operating system in order to reduce the attack area by disabling functionality that is not required and keeping the minimum functionality that is required and make the system safe.

### 9.2 **Project Description**

Worked on securing the system from external as well as internal vulnerabilities and to improve the performance of the system.

- Compared all the existing hardened windows 7 group policy and registries with the windows 10.
- Prepared brief document which tells about all changes between Windows 7 and Windows 10 registry entry.
- Implemented configuration file for enabling all the changes for all type of user separately like Field Service engineer, Technician.

#### 9.3 Technology

C#, VBScript, Batch Script

### 9.4 Implementation

• Following are the dummy snapshot of implementation

3993	
3994	[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\MediaPlayer\Preferences\ProxySettings]
3995	
3996	[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\MediaPlayer\Preferences\ProxySettings\HTTP]
3997	"ProxyStyle"=dword:00000001
3998	"ProxyName"=""
3999	"ProxyPort"=dword:00000050
4000	"ProxyBypass"=dword:0000000
4001	"ProxyExclude"=""
4002	L
4003	<pre>[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\MediaPlayer\Preferences\ProxySettings\MMS]</pre>
4004	"ProxyStyle"=dword:0000000
4005	"ProxyName"=""
4006	"ProxyPort"=dword:00006db
4007	"ProxyBypass"=dword:0000000
4008	"ProxyExclude"=""
4009	L
4010	<pre>[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\MediaPlayer\Preferences\ProxySettings\RTSP]</pre>
4011	"ProxyStyle"=dword:0000000
4012	"ProxyName"=""
4013	"ProxyPort"=dword:0000022a
4014	"ProxyBypass"=dword:0000000
4015	"ProxyExclude"=""
4016	L
4017	[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\MediaPlayer\Preferences\VideoSettings]
4018	
4019	L
4020	F [HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\System]
4021	"DisableLockWorkstation"=dword:0000001
4022	L
4023	[ KKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows_NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon]
4024	"IgnoreShiftOverride"="1"

Figure 9.1: Registry Update

tware\Microsoft\Internet Explorer\Main\FeatureControl\FEATURE LOCALMACHINE LOCKDOWN]
0000000
<pre>itware\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Internet Settings\Zones\0]</pre>
<pre>itware\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Internet Settings\Zones\1]</pre>
<pre>itware\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Folicies\Explorer]</pre>
Word:00000ff
00000
ord:0000000
<pre>itware\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\System]</pre>
"=dword:0000001
tware\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Group Folicy Objects\LocalMachine\SOFTWARE\Folicies\Microsoft\Windows NT\Termir
Word:0000001
<pre>itware\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\StuckRects2]</pre>
0,00,ff,ff,ff,ff,01,00,00,00,03,00,00,00,3c,00,00,1e,\
e4,03,00,00,02,05,00,00,02,04,00,00
<pre>itware\Microsoft\Internet Explorer\Desktop\General]</pre>
tware\Microsoft\Internet Explorer\Desktop\General]

Figure 9.2: Registry Update

 "PRBUINternetPattern"=dword:0000001

 "PRBUSpecified"=dword:0000001

 "PRBUSpecified"=dword:0000001

 "PRBUSpecified"=dword:0000001

 "PRBUSpecified"=dword:0000001

 "PRBUSPecified"=dword:0000002

 "PRBUSPecified"=dword:0000002

 [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\Ratings\PICSRules\.Default\0\PRPolicy\1\PRPFolicySub]

 "PRBUUNCT"="00"

 "PRBUSPecified"=dword:0000001

 [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\Ratings\PICSRules\.Default\0\PRPolicy\1\PRPFolicySub)

 "PRBUSPecified"=dword:0000001

 "PRBUSPecified"=dword:0000002

 "MKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\Ratings\PICSRules\.Default\0\PRPolicy\10]

 "PRBUSPecified"=dword:0000002

 "MKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\Ratings\PICSRules\.Default\0\PRPolicy\10\PRPPolicySub)

 "PRBUSPECIFIEST

 [INK

Figure 9.3: Registry Update

# **Conclusion and Future Work**

### 10.1 Conclusion

- DOD compliance increased to 90%, it enables sales for Philips CT to DoD.
- SignTool helped in signing multiple files at once while previously individual file has to be selected and signed.
- FileUpdater helped in updating a frozen system with new set of files collectively.
- Lync Access from console will allow user to communicate through internet.
- Windows 10 hardening reduce the attack area by disabling functionality that is not required and keeping the minimum functionality that is required and make the system safe.

#### 10.2 Future Work

- The same component can be used for other versions of the CT Scan machine.
- Modulating the code further in order to incorporate further changes very easily.
- Validating the tool before deploying it.
- Additional Functionality will be added in the tools.
- The component, will be modified to be used as a security benchmark for all systems which do not require often maintenance.

• Also this component can also be modified to be used for other products which use .NET framework and supports vast number of platforms.

# References

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